## Consolidated financial results for the year ended March 31, 2012 (Unaudited)

Date of issue: May 7, 2012

Company name: CAPCOM Co., Ltd.

Tamio Oda, Director and Executive Vice President and CFO

Stock listing: Tokyo, Osaka Code number: 9697 URL: http://www.capcom.co.jp/ Tel: +81-6-6920-3605

Representative: Haruhiro Tsujimoto, President and COO

Ordinary general shareholders' meeting: June 15, 2012 Dividend payment date: June 18, 2012

June 18, 2012 Filing date for financial report:

Earnings supplementary explanatory materials : Yes

Earnings presentation: Yes (For institutional investors)

## 1. Results for the year ended March 31, 2012 (from April 1, 2011 to March 31, 2012)

### (1) Financial results

Contact person:

Note: Percentage represents change from the same period of the previous fiscal year.

	Net sales		Operating income		Ordinary income		Net income	
	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%
Year ended March 31, 2012	82,065	-16.0	12,318	-13.8	11,819	-8.1	6,723	-13.2
Year ended March 31, 2011	97,716	46.2	14,295	155.8	12,861	132.6	7,750	257.6

Note: Comprehensive income

Year ended March 31, 2012: 6,389 million yen (4.4%)

Year ended March 31, 2011: 6,121 million yen ( 394.4 %)

	Earnings per share of common stock	Diluted earnings per share of common stock	Return on equity	Return (ordinary income) on assets	Operating margin
	Yen	Yen	%	%	%
Year ended March 31, 2012	116.10	-	11.5	12.5	15.0
Year ended March 31, 2011	131.18	-	13.8	14.5	14.6

Reference: Equity in earnings (losses) of affiliates

Year ended March 31, 2012: — million yen

Year ended March 31, 2011: — million yen

### (2) Financial position

	Total assets	Net assets	Shareholders' equity ratio to total assets	Assets shareholders' equity per share
	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	%	Yen
Year ended March 31, 2012	98,247	59,352	60.4	1,030.70
Year ended March 31, 2011	90,408	58,007	64.2	981.76

Reference: Shareholders' equity:

Year ended March 31, 2012:

59,352 million yen

Year ended March 31, 2011:

58,007 million yen

# (3) Cash flows

	Cash flows from operating activities	Cash flows from investing activities	Cash flows from financing activities	Ending balance of cash and cash equivalents
	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	Millions of yen
Year ended March 31, 2012	-7,672	-4,794	587	22,287
Year ended March 31, 2011	22,392	-2,046	-12,919	35,011

### 2. Dividends

	Dividend per share						Dividend on	
Record date	1st Quarter-end	2nd Quarter-end	3rd Quarter-end	Year-end	Annual	Dividend paid	Payout ratio (Consolidated)	equity (Consolidated)
	yen	yen	yen	yen	yen	Millions of yen	%	%
Year ended March 31, 2011	_	15.00	_	25.00	40.00	2,363	30.5	4.2
Year ended March 31, 2012	_	15.00	_	25.00	40.00	2,303	34.5	4.0
Year ending March 31, 2013 (Forecast)	_	15.00	_	25.00	40.00		23.5	

### 3. Earnings forecast for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2013 (from April 1, 2012 to March 31, 2013)

Note: Percentage represents change from the same period of the previous fiscal year.

	Net sales	Operating income	Ordinary income	Net income	Net income per share
	Millions of yen	% Millions of yen %	Millions of yen %	Millions of yen %	Yen
Year ending March 31, 2013	105,000 27	9 15,800 28.3	15,700 32.8	9,800 45.7	170.19

Note: Capcom discloses a full year business forecast, as it manages its business performance on an annual basis.

#### 4. Others

(1) Changes in significant consolidated subsidiaries during the period:

(Changes in specified subsidiaries due to changes in the scope of consolidation)

(2) Changes in accounting principles, accounting estimates and retrospective restatement for consolidated financial statements

① Changes resulting from amendment of the accounting standard:

No

② Changes other than ①:

③ Changes in accounting estimates: No

④ Retrospective restatement:

(3) Number of shares outstanding (Common stock):

① Number of shares outstanding (including treasury stock)

Year ended March 31, 2012: 67,723,244 Year ended March 31, 2011: 67,723,244

No

② Number of treasury stock

Year ended March 31, 2012: 10,138,856 Year ended March 31, 2011: 8,637,817

3 Average number of shares outstanding

Year ended March 31, 2012: 57,913,902 Year ended March 31, 2011: 59,086,160

(Explanation about the appropriate usage of business prospects and other special notes)

- · The above-mentioned business forecasts were based on the information available as of the date of the release of this report.
- Future events may cause the actual results to be significantly different from the forecasts.
- Please refer to [Qualitative information and consolidated financial statements] on page 2 for more details.
- Capcom is scheduled to hold an earnings presentation for institutional investors on May 11. Its footage and its voice sound are going to be posted along with the presentation materials on the Capcom's web page soon after it is closed.

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- 1. Operating results
- (1) Qualitative information and consolidated financial statements Operating results of the fiscal year ended March 31, 2012

During the fiscal year ended March 31, 2012, the Japanese economy, despite showing signs of recovery on the heels of a depreciating yen and a rise in stock prices toward the fiscal year-end, could not dispel the uncertainty towards the future, as the export environment continued to deteriorate from the sharp rise in the value of the yen and a temporary lull prevailed over the economy due to falling stock prices, in addition to the concerns over power shortages and the European debt crisis.

The video game industry enjoyed a lively year-end holiday shopping season as the market showed increased activity, owing to the release of popular software in addition to the launch of new mobile game consoles and the price reduction of some hardware.

Meanwhile, the trend of structural change washed over the video game industry, as new types of platforms gained momentum in conjunction with the rapid growth of affordable and easily accessible social games attributable to the rise of mobile phones and "smartphones (high-function mobile phones)".

Under these circumstances, Capcom integrated the development departments for home video games, PCs and mobile phones in order to promote efficient and agile game development in the Consumer Online Games and Mobile Contents, which comprised our core business segments. At the same time, we endeavored to enhance our online business by making a head start on the development and distribution of social games as a new source of revenue.

Moreover, we made efforts to further cultivate existing customers and to gain new users through various events and nationwide sales promotion campaigns including "BASARA Festival 2011 – the Summer Campaign" and "Monster Hunter Festa '11". Additionally, Capcom pushed forward with collaboration based on major contents, such movies as "Sengoku BASARA the Movie – The Last Party" and "Phoenix Wright: Ace Attorney", as well as the launch of beverages based on popular characters, in order to leverage highly popular software to achieve increased visibility, expand fan base and other synergistic effects.

Furthermore, we endeavored to operate our business in line with changes in the market environment, taking in a social game company, which had been an affiliate of our U.S. subsidiary, as our direct subsidiary, in order to achieve group agility, as well as focusing our business resources on boosting the Mobile Contents business.

In terms of revenue, net sales decreased to 82,065 million yen (down 16.0% from the previous year), due in part to a decrease in sales in reaction to the surge during same term previous year caused by the mass release of major consumer online game titles as well as the delay in the release of major titles which had been scheduled for the current fiscal year. As for profits, operating income decreased to 12,318 million yen (down 13.8% from the previous year), ordinary income decreased to 11,819 million yen (down 8.1% from the previous year) and net income was 6,723 million yen (down 13.2% from the previous year).

Capcom, which has always been focused on its IR activities, has been recognized for its efforts, as its Annual Report 2011 was awarded the "Award for Excellence" at the Nikkei Annual Report Awards sponsored by Nikkei Inc.

Status of each operational department

## (1) Consumer Online Games

In this business segment, in addition to "Monster Hunter 3 (Tri) G", a feature title for Nintendo 3DS selling over 1.6 million copies, "Resident Evil: Operation Raccoon City" (for PlayStation 3 and Xbox 360), other flagship title released at the end of the fiscal year, also performed steadily, while sales of "Street Fighter X Tekken" (for PlayStation 3 and Xbox 360) lagged.

Nevertheless, as all three titles sold over a million units, they were able to achieve the distinction of million sellers.

Additionally, Capcom released an array of elaborate titles including "Asura's Wrath" (for PlayStation 3 and Xbox 360), "Resident Evil: Revelations" (for Nintendo 3DS) and "Ultimate Marvel vs. Capcom 3" (for PlayStation 3, Xbox 360 and PlayStation Vita) as well as a number of distribution titles, as part of its multilateral product development..

Moreover, the online exclusive "Monster Hunter Frontier Online" series (for PC and Xbox 360) showed steady growth supported by its stable popularity.

The resulting net sales were 53,501 million yen (down 23.9% from the previous year) and operating income was 10,502 million yen (down 16.0% from the previous year), due in part to the reaction to the release of multiple major titles in the previous year and to the delayed release of the major software, "Dragon's Dogma" (for PlayStation 3 and Xbox 360).

#### (2) Mobile Contents

The Mobile Contents business displayed its underlying strength, through the strong performance of "Snoopy's Street Fair" in Japan and Asia and the steady increase in membership for "Monhan Tankenki Maboroshi no Shima" which was released to GREE as a part of the "Monster Hunter" series and for "Minna to Monhan Card Master" which was distributed through Mobage, resulting in memberships of over one million for each game.

Additionally, "Smurfs' Village", distributed jointly with Facebook, the world's largest SNS, continued to enjoy success, and Capcom's strategic brand "Beeline" titles recorded domestic and overseas downloads totaling more than 56 million, both of which contributed greatly to improving our earning capacity.

The resulting net sales were 6,308 million yen (up 56.6% from the previous year) and the operating income was 2,385 million yen (up 74.6% from the previous year).

## 3 Arcade Operations

Although we saw a slowdown in customer traffic due to the effects of the mood of voluntary restraint in the wake of the Great East Japan Earthquake, which occurred last March, and diversification in entertainment preferences and spending patterns of the public; arcades have been regaining ground as they are re-evaluated as readily accessible entertainment that is "inexpensive, nearby and short-duration" and supported by budget minded consumer.

Under these circumstances Capcom promoted customer-oriented community-based arcades through various efforts including the cultivation of new customers by offering special discount days, as well as implementing various revitalization measures, such as renovation of arcades.

In spite of a slowdown in customer traffic and intensification of competition with other game consoles including smartphones, with which there is an overlap of the customer base, sales per customer increased as a result of these measures, along with the contribution mainly of proprietary coin-operated games. In the absence of closing or opening of arcades during the current period, the total number of arcades remained the same as the end of the previous fiscal period at 37.

The resulting net sales were 11,729 million yen (up 0.9% from the previous year) and the operating income was 1,787 million yen (up 58.0% from the previous year).

# 4 Amusement Equipments

With regards to arcade games, coin-operated games, "Monster Hunter: Medal Hunting" and "Monhan Nikki Sugoroku Airu Mura" were released.

As for the Pachislo machines, "Street Fighter IV" showed steady performance, while we also engaged in contracted developments.

The resulting net sales were 7,663 million yen (down 3.0% from the previous year) and the operating income was 890 million yen (down 66.2% from the previous year).

### (5) Other Businesses

The net sales from Other Businesses, mainly character-related licensing royalties, were 2,862 million yen (down 26.5% from the previous year) and the operating income was 877 million yen (down 20.1% from the previous year).

#### Prospects for the next fiscal year

As for future prospects, the industry expects the home video game market, which had been contracting for some time, to get back on a recovery trends, following the launch of the new console "Wii U" scheduled for this year and the release of major titles, in addition to the succession of new mobile game consoles launched in the previous year.

Meanwhile, as the existing markets continue to languish, the sharp rise in social games, which have been increasing users exponentially by offering a wealth of contents and rapidly expanding their user base, are expected to intensify the competition for users with platforms that are not game consoles and may change the competitive landscape.

While these changes in the market environment fuel the fierce battle for control over various platforms, we expect further diversification of the business domains, including sales of additional contents and charging for items that utilize the Internet, in an effort to expand the business model beyond the current model of selling "sell-out" packages.

As the industry enters a major transitional period, we will leverage these changes in the environment and in order to respond to various customer needs both here in Japan and abroad, we will step up our multi-platform strategy of providing software for each type of platform, including home video game machines, PCs, smartphones and mobile phones.

Additionally, we will focus our business resources toward the expansion of the Mobile Contents business, where genres still exist with potential for growth while at the same time advance our growth strategies through business operations that are in line with market trends through such means as improving product line-up by tapping new genres and expanding tie-up software.

We will also reinforce our contents business by pursuing synergies with game music and popular game characters.

Furthermore, in the wake of the Great East Japan Earthquake, Capcom, in order to be able to respond quickly and appropriately to contingencies such as disasters, intends to reinforce its risk management under the slogan of "Forewarned is forearmed", through such means as stocking up on emergency supplies and implementing safety confirmation systems, as well as stockpiling "Health Kits" for flu, and make an effort to build a system of risk management that is capable of business continuation even in the event of unexpected phenomena.

Our sales strategy for the coming fiscal year will consist mainly of releasing major titles oriented toward the overseas market, including "Resident Evil 6" (for PlayStation 3, Xbox 360 and PCs) and "Dragon's Dogma" (for PlayStation 3 and Xbox 360), to the end of realizing our growth scenario through global expansion.

- (2) Analysis of the consolidated financial position
- Analysis of assets, liabilities and net assets(Assets)

Total assets as of the end of the current fiscal year increased by 7,838 million yen from the previous fiscal year to 98,247 million yen. The primary increases were 11,930 million yen in work-in-progress for game software, 5,585 million yen in notes and accounts receivable, trade, and 943 million yen in merchandise and finished goods. The primary decrease was 10,258 million yen in cash on hand and in banks.

### (Liabilities)

Liabilities as of the end of the current fiscal year increased by 6,494 million yen from the previous fiscal year to 38,895 million yen. The primary increases were 3,548 million yen in short-term borrowings, 2,500 million yen in long-term borrowings and 1,592 million yen in notes and accounts payable, trade. The primary decreases were 466 million yen in accrued income taxes and 367 million yen in accrued bonuses.

## (Net assets)

Net assets as of the end of the current fiscal year increased by 1,344 million yen from the previous fiscal year to 59,352 million yen. The primary increase was 6,723 million yen in net income for the as of the end of the current fiscal year, and the primary decreases were 2,703 million yen in treasury stock, 2,340 million yen in cash dividends and 344 million yen in cumulative translation adjustments which related to foreign exchange translation of the net assets of foreign consolidated subsidiaries.

## ② Analysis of cash flow

Cash and cash equivalents as of the end of the current fiscal year decreased by 12,724 million yen from the previous fiscal year to 22,287 million yen. Cash flow positions of each activity and their factors are described below.

## (Cash flows from operating activities)

Net cash used in operating activities was 7,672 million yen (22,392 million yen provided in the previous year). The increase was mainly attributable to 11,425 million yen in net income before income taxes (10,807 million yen in the previous year), 3,123 million yen in depreciation and amortization (3,315 million yen in the previous year) and 1,720 million yen in accounts payable, trade (2,264 million yen in the previous year). The decrease was mainly attributable to the followings: 11,899 million yen increase in work-in-progress for game software (decrease of 3,246 million yen in the previous year); 5,550 million yen increase in accounts receivable, trade (5,531 million yen in the previous year); 4,195 million yen in income taxes paid (774 million yen in the previous year).

### (Cash flows from investing activities)

Net cash used in investing activities was 4,794 million yen (2,046 million yen in the previous year). Some of the main items were the following: 2,465 million yen in purchase of time deposits with original maturities of over 3 months (no purchase in the previous year); 2,153 million yen (1,734 million yen in the previous year) in payment for acquisitions of tangible fixed assets.

## (Cash flows from financing activities)

Net cash provided by financing activities was 587 million yen (12,919 million yen used in the previous year). This increase was mainly attributable to 6,760 million yen in net increase in short-term borrowings (net decrease of 12,500 million yen in the previous year) and 3,000 million yen in proceeds from long-term borrowings (3,000 million yen in the previous year). The decrease was attributable mainly to 3,711 million yen in repayment of long-term borrowings (711 million yen in the previous year), 2,703 million yen in payment for repurchase of treasury stock (2 million yen in the previous year) and 2,339 million yen in dividend paid (2,064 million yen in the previous year).

	Year ended March 2008	Year ended March 2009	Year ended March 2010	Year ended March 2011	Year ended March 2012
Shareholders' equity ratio to total assets	57.3	55.9	62.3	64.2	60.4
Shareholders' equity ratio to total assets based on fair market value	221.2	101.5	120.5	103.9	110.8
Debt amortization ratio to cash flows	46.8	1	122.7	32.8	-
Interest coverage ratio	103.7	-	86.9	155.8	-

Shareholders' equity ratio to total assets: Shareholders' equity / Total assets

Shareholders' equity ratio to total assets based on fair market value: Total of the capital stock at market price / Total assets

Debt amortization ratio to cash flows: Interest-bearing debt / Cash flows from operating activities

Interest coverage ratio: Cash flows from operating activities / Interest payments

- (Note 1) Total market value of shares is calculated based on the number of shares as of the end of the fiscal year excluding treasury stock.
- (Note 2) The interest-bearing debt refers to the debts posted in the consolidated balance sheets for which we are paying interests.
- (Note 3) As the cash flows from operating activities fell into red in fiscal year ended March 2009 and ended March 2012, we have omitted debt amortization ratio to cash flows from operating activities and interest coverage ratio.
- (3) Basic policy for profit distribution and dividend for the current and next fiscal year

Capcom considers returning profits to the shareholders be one of the most important management issues. Its fundamental dividend policy is to provide a stable and continued dividend to the shareholders, taking into account the future business development and changes in operating circumstances.

Our surplus dividend is basically paid twice a year, that is, at the end of mid-term and fiscal year.

Dividend payment amount is decided by a competent corporate body, which is the board of directors for the mid-term, and during the shareholders meeting for the fiscal year.

Regarding internal reserves, Capcom will enhance its corporate value through investment for development of game software, Arcade Operations and growing business.

Capcom plans to pay a year-end dividend for the current fiscal year be 25 yen per share. The annual dividend for the current fiscal year under review is 40 yen per share, since the Company paid an ordinary dividend 15 yen per share as an interim dividend.

We set regulations up to be able to pay interim dividend.

## 2. Business policy

## (1) Management principle

Our principle is to be a creator of entertainment culture. Through development of highly creative software contents that excite people and stimulate their senses, we have been aiming to offer an entirely new level of game entertainment. Our management objectives are also on strengthening relationships with shareholders, clients and our employees to satisfy demands and to bring about prosperous benefits.

## (2) Business targets

We believe "Cash-Flow Management" (real management that generates cash) has become an important factor more important than to make up financial statements utilizing changes in accounting standards. We do not set actual target figures on specific fields because we understand "Cash-Flow Management" as a very important factor for business status.

## (3) Medium and long term business strategy

In addition to the sharp rise in development costs and increasing competition by emergence of social game, the video game industry is facing external challenges as well. International competitions are getting fiercer struggling for survival being resulting in an increase in mergers, acquisitions and business integrations as corporate restructuring becomes more intense.

Under this severe situation, we believe that establishing a management system capable of adapting to changes in the business environment is one of our most important managerial goals. In order for us to grow further, we will work to enhance corporate values by pursuing strategies described below.

- ① Focusing on our core business-developing and marketing creative home video game software by concentrating our resources.
- ② Strengthening and exploring multi-platform strategy for home video game software based on market demands.
- ③ Expanding Arcade Operations business by cultivating of new users and capturing existing users in order to continuously secure stable revenues.
- ④ Strengthen the Online Games business and Mobile Contents business with the improvement of the telecommunication infrastructure and the changing market environment.
- (5) Expanding sales overseas by aggressive global deployment, including establishing overseas offices.
- ⑥ Pioneer business opportunities by leveraging our rich contents to create new markets and expanding our share in existing markets. Exploit new business opportunities with focus on the provision of peripheral devices for game machines and entry of operating social game.
- Promoting and strengthening the Capcom brand to create added value and synergy by making effective use of our contents.
- Realizing a stable cash flow for each fiscal term by streamlining financial aspects.

### (4) Issues to be addressed

Major issues to be addressed taking in consideration surrounding business environments and future market trends:

# ① Consolidation of the critical strategic divisions

We will concentrate our management resources in the home video game software segment, which is our core business, especially in its development and marketing divisions in order to strengthen the competitive edge.

# 2 Focus on the overseas operations

Making strong efforts in developing overseas markets is the key to the future business growth as the Japanese domestic market matures. We are determined to execute the strategic overseas operation deployment through the group-wide global business restructuring. One such effort will be to conduct corporate reforms of overseas subsidiaries including Capcom U.S.A., Inc., one of our crucial subsidiaries.

## 3 Selection and concentration of business

We are focused on setting a clear vision for the future by harnessing our corporate strength through the effective use of our research and development resources. In addition, we are pushing through a strategy that concentrates management resources on selected business to make the most of the collective power of the entire Capcom group, thus increasing our corporate value. Investment in growth field and the decision to close down unprofitable businesses are examples of such activities.

## 4 Expansion of the business field

We will focus on growing the content-related business to expand our business fields in response to changes in the managerial environments, through the distribution of games to other platform that are not game consoles including mobile phones and smartphones and entry of social game.

# ⑤ Enhancement of the corporate quality

We are trying to realize flexible business operations and to improve our operation efficiency through the management innovation. At the same time we are building a framework that enhances our revenue base. As part of such efforts to enhance our business foundation, we are pursuing the strategic group operation and financial structure reformation by reinforcing the management system of both domestic and foreign subsidiaries.

# 3. Summary of consolidated financial statements

# (1) Consolidated balance sheets

		(Unit: Millions of yen)
	Previous fiscal year (as of March 31, 2011)	Current fiscal year (as of March 31, 2012)
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash on hand and in banks	35,011	24,752
Notes and accounts receivable, trade	11,700	17,285
Merchandise and finished goods	849	1,793
Work-in-progress	340	443
Raw materials and supplies	1,075	1,417
Work-in-progress for game software	10,443	22,373
Deferred tax assets	5,210	4,239
Other	2,582	2,791
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(37)	(58)
Total current assets	67,176	75,038
Fixed assets		
Tangible fixed assets, net of accumulated depreciation		
Buildings and structures, net	5,455	5,125
Machinery and vehicles, net	28	21
Tools, fixtures and furniture, net	894	1,052
Rental equipment, net	0	_
Equipment for amusement facilities, net	1,815	1,637
Land	4,408	4,298
Leased assets	924	709
Construction-in-progress	5	_
Total intangible fixed assets	13,532	12,844
Intangible fixed assets		
Goodwill	412	291
Other	2,658	3,619
Total intangible fixed assets	3,071	3,911
Investments and other assets		
Investments in securities	390	368
Deferred tax assets	1,150	908
Claim in bankruptcy and reorganization	922	265
Lease deposits	4,741	4,522
Other	392	663
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(968)	(275)
Total investments and other assets	6,628	6,452
Total fixed assets	23,232	23,208
Total assets	90,408	98,247

		(Unit: Millions of yen)
	Previous fiscal year (as of March 31, 2011)	Current fiscal year (as of March 31, 2012)
Liabilities		
Current liabilities		
Notes and accounts payable, trade	5,665	7,257
Short-term borrowings	3,711	7,259
Lease obligations	507	322
Accrued income taxes	3,443	2,977
Deferred tax liabilities	30	7
Accrued bonuses	2,478	2,111
Allowance for sales returns	130	118
Asset retirement obligations	_	19
Other	8,982	9,254
Total current liabilities	24,950	29,327
Long-term liabilities		
Long-term borrowings	3,644	6,145
Lease obligations	461	429
Deferred tax liabilities	232	225
Accrued retirement benefits for employees	1,383	1,509
Asset retirement obligations	340	325
Other	1,387	932
Total long-term liabilities	7,450	9,567
Total liabilities	32,400	38,895
Net assets		
Shareholders' equity		
Common stock	33,239	33,239
Capital surplus	21,328	21,328
Retained earnings	22,945	27,328
Treasury stock	(13,143)	(15,846)
Total shareholders' equity	64,370	66,049
Accumulated other comprehensive income		
Net unrealized gain on securities, net of tax	(56)	(46)
Cumulative translation adjustments	(6,305)	(6,650)
Total accumulated other comprehensive income	(6,362)	(6,697)
Total net assets	58,007	59,352
Total liabilities and net assets	90,408	98,247

		(Unit: Millions of yen)
	Previous fiscal year	Current fiscal year
	from April 1, 2010	from April 1, 2011
	to March 31, 2011	to March 31, 2012
Net sales	97,716	82,065
Cost of sales	60,371	49,609
Gross profit	37,344	32,456
Reversal of allowance for sales returns	_	12
Provision for allowance for sales returns	40	_
Net gross profit	37,304	32,469
Selling, general and administrative expenses	23,009	20,150
Operating income	14,295	12,318
Non-operating income		
Interest income	122	85
Dividend income	19	10
Settlement received	_	67
Other	89	126
Total non-operating income	231	289
Non-operating expenses		
Interest expense	143	115
Exchange loss, net	1,102	456
Commission	60	450
Donations	141	_
Other		151
	217	151
Total non-operating expenses	1,664	788
Ordinary income	12,861	11,819
Special gains	20	
Reversal of allowance for doubtful accounts	38	_
Gain on sales of investments in securities	45	8
Gain on abolishment of retirement benefit plan	139	_
Other	4	
Total special gains	226	8
Special losses		
Loss on sales and /or disposal of fixed assets	95	321
Loss on revaluation of investments in securities	259	_
Loss on adjustment for changes of accounting standard for asset retirement obligations	204	_
Impairment loss	149	80
Loss on restructuring	1,453	_
Loss on disaster	105	_
Other	13	_
Total special losses	2,281	402
Net income before income taxes	10,807	11,425
Income taxes-current	4,654	3,513
Income taxes-deferred		1,188
Total income taxes	(1,598)	
	3,056	4,701
Net income before minority interests in gain or loss	7,750	6,723
Net income	7,750	6,723

		(Unit: Millions of yen)
	Previous fiscal year	Current fiscal year
	from April 1, 2010	from April 1, 2011
	to March 31, 2011	to March 31, 2012
Income before minority interests	7,750	6,723
Other comprehensive income		
Net unrealized gain on securities, net of tax	(76)	9
Cumulative translation adjustments	(1,553)	(344)
Total other comprehensive income	(1,629)	(344)
Comprehensive income	6,121	6,389
Comprehensive income attributable to:		
Owners of the parent	6,121	6,389
Minority interests	_	_

		(Unit: Millions of yen)	
	Previous fiscal year from April 1, 2010 to March 31, 2011	Current fiscal year from April 1, 2011 to March 31, 2012	
Shareholders' equity			
Common stock			
Opening balance	33,239	33,239	
Changes of items during the fiscal year			
Total changes of items during the fiscal year			
Ending balance	33,239	33,239	
Capital surplus			
Opening balance	21,328	21,328	
Changes of items during the fiscal year			
Disposition of treasury stock	(0)	0	
Total changes of items during the fiscal year	(0)	0	
Ending balance	21,328	21,328	
Retained earnings			
Opening balance	17,262	22,945	
Changes of items during the fiscal year			
Cash dividends	(2,068)	(2,340)	
Net income	7,750	6,723	
Total changes of items during the fiscal year	5,682	4,383	
Ending balance	22,945	27,328	
Treasury stock			
Opening balance	(13,141)	(13,143)	
Changes of items during the fiscal year			
Repurchase of treasury stock	(2)	(2,703)	
Disposition of treasury stock	0	0	
Total changes of items during the fiscal year	(2)	(2,703)	
Ending balance	(13,143)	(15,846)	
Total shareholders' equity			
Opening balance	58,689	64,370	
Changes of items during the fiscal year			
Cash dividends	(2,068)	(2,340)	
Net income	7,750	6,723	
Repurchase of treasury stock	(2)	(2,703)	
Disposition of treasury stock	0	0	
Total changes of items during the fiscal year	5,680	1,679	
Ending balance	64,370	66,049	

		(Unit: Millions of yen)
	Previous fiscal year	Current fiscal year
	from April 1, 2010	from April 1, 2011
	to March 31, 2011	to March 31, 2012
Accumulated other comprehensive income		
Net unrealized gain on securities, net of tax		
Opening balance	19	(56)
Changes of items during the fiscal year		
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity, net	(76)	9
Total changes of items during the fiscal year	(76)	9
Ending balance	(56)	(46)
Cumulative translation adjustments		_
Opening balance	(4,752)	(6,305)
Changes of items during the fiscal year		
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity, net	(1,553)	(344)
Total changes of items during the fiscal year	(1,553)	(344)
Ending balance	(6,305)	(6,650)
Total accumulated other comprehensive income		
Opening balance	(4,732)	(6,362)
Changes of items during the fiscal year		
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity, net	(1,629)	(334)
Total changes of items during the fiscal year	(1,629)	(334)
Ending balance	(6,362)	(6,697)
Total net assets		
Opening balance	53,956	58,007
Changes of items during the fiscal year		
Cash dividends	(2,068)	(2,340)
Net income	7,750	6,723
Repurchase of treasury stock	(2)	(2,703)
Disposition of treasury stock	0	0
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity, net	(1,629)	(334)
Total changes of items during the fiscal year	4,050	1,344
Ending balance	58,007	59,352

		(Unit: Millions of yen)
	Previous fiscal year	Current fiscal year
	from April 1, 2010	from April 1, 2011
	to March 31, 2011	to March 31, 2012
Cash flows from operating activities	·	·
Net income before income taxes	10,807	11,425
Depreciation and amortization	3,315	3,123
Impairment loss	149	80
Amortization of goodwill	239	112
Increase (decrease) in allowance for doubtful accounts	(56)	9
Decrease (increase) in accrued bonuses	1,180	(362
Decrease (increase) in allowance for sales returns	40	(12
Increase (decrease) in accrued retirement benefits for employees	(4)	126
Interest and dividend income	(142)	(95
Interest expense	143	115
Exchange loss, net	1,039	424
Loss on sales and/or disposal of fixed assets	95	321
Gain on sales of investment in securities	(45)	(8
Loss on revaluation of investments in securities	259	_
Loss on adjustment for changes of accounting standard for asset		
retirement obligations	204	_
Loss on restructuring	1,453	_
Loss on disaster	105	_
Increase in accounts receivable, trade	(5,531)	(5,550
Increase (decrease) in inventories	409	(1,450
Increase (decrease) in work-in-progress for game software	3,246	(11,899
Increase in accounts payable, trade	2,264	1,720
Increase (decrease) in other current assets	57	(309
Increase in other current liabilities	3,186	202
Other	913	(1,419
Sub total	23,331	(3,447
Interest and dividends received	141	86
Interest and dividends received	(144)	(115
Payment for settlement of litigation	(161)	(113
Income taxes paid	(774)	(4,195
Net cash used in (provided by) operating activities	22,392	(7,672
Cash flows from investing activities	22,372	(1,012
Purchase of time deposits		
with original maturities of over 3 months	_	(2,465
Payment for acquisitions of tangible fixed assets	(1,734)	(2,153
Proceeds from sales of tangible fixed assets	1	434
Payment for acquisitions of intangible fixed assets	(429)	(527
Payment for purchase of investments in securities	(12)	(12
Proceeds from sales of investments in securities	290	47
Collection of loans receivable	1	0
Purchase of investment in subsidiaries	(482)	_
Payment for other investing activities	(166)	(379
Proceeds from other investing activities	485	260
Net cash used in investing activities	(2,046)	
Cash flows from financing activities	(2,040)	(4,794
Repayments of short-term borrowings	(12 500)	6,760
Proceeds from long-term borrowings	(12,500) 3,000	3,000
Repayments of long-term borrowings		
Repayments of long-term borrowings  Repayments of lease obligations	(711)	(3,711
• •	(640)	(418
Proceeds from sales of treasury stock	(2)	(2,703
Proceeds from sales of treasury stock	(2.064)	(2.220
Dividends paid by parent company	(2,064)	(2,339
Net cash used in financing activities	(12,919)	587
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(2,230)	(845
Net decrease (increase) in cash and cash equivalents	5,196	(12,724
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	29,815	35,011
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	35,011	22,287

(5) Going concern assumptions: Not applicable

#### (6) Segment Information

1. Outline of business reportable segment

The business segments Capcom reports are the business units for which Capcom is able to obtain individual financial information separately in order for the board of directors to conduct periodic investigation to determine distribution of operational resources and evaluate their business performance.

Capcom has several operational headquarters, which plan comprehensive business strategies in domestic and overseas markets for their products and services, and develops its business activities.

Therefore Capcom's reportable segments are based on the products and services its operational headquarters deal in and are composed of the following 4 units; "Consumer Online Games", "Mobile Contents", "Arcade Operations" and "Amusement Equipments".

"Consumer Online Games" develops and distributes video games for consumers.

"Mobile Contents" develops mobile games to be distributed to mobile phone users.

"Arcade Operations" operates amusement facilities which install amusement equipments.

"Amusement Equipments" manufactures arcade game machines and gaming machines etc. to be distributed to arcade operators and parlors.

- 2. Method of calculating sales and income (loss), identifiable assets and liabilities, and other items by reportable segment The accounting procedure for the reportable segment is based on "Significant accounting policies" (disclosed in Japanese only). Income by reportable segment is calculated based on operating income on the consolidated statements of income.
- 3. Information on net sales and operating income (loss), identifiable assets and liabilities, and other items by reportable segment Previous fiscal year (from April 1, 2010 to March 31, 2011)

(Unit: Millions of yen)

		Reportable segment							
	Consumer Online Games	Mobile Contents	Arcade Operations	Amusement Equipments	Total	Other (Note 1)	Total	Adjustment (Note 2)	Consolidated total (Note 3)
Sales									
(1) Customers	70,269	4,028	11,621	7,903	93,823	3,893	97,716	_	97,716
(2) Inter-segment	_		-	_	-	-	-	-	_
Total	70,269	4,028	11,621	7,903	93,823	3,893	97,716	_	97,716
Operating income (loss)	12,499	1,366	1,131	2,638	17,636	1,098	18,734	(4,439)	14,295
Identifiable assets	30,038	1,936	8,668	9,136	49,779	2,767	52,547	37,861	90,408
Other items									
Depreciation and amortization	591	52	1,708	127	2,480	263	2,743	571	3,315
Increase in tangible and intangible fixed assets	1,404	86	926	171	2,588	115	2,703	54	2,758

- (Note) 1. "Other" incorporates operations not included in reportable segments, including character contents business etc.
  - 2. Adjustments are as follows.
    - (1) Adjustments of operating income (loss) of -4,439 million yen include unallocated corporate operating expenses of -4,439 million yen.

      The corporate operating expenses, which do not belong to any reportable segments mainly consist of administrative expenses.
    - (2) Adjustments of identifiable assets of 37,861 million yen include unallocated corporate identifiable assets of 37,966 million yen.
    - (3) Adjustments of increase in tangible and intangible fixed assets of 54 million yen are capital investment by headquarters.
  - $3. \ Operating \ income \ (loss) \ for segment \ is \ adjusted \ on \ operating \ income \ on \ the \ consolidated \ statements \ of \ income.$

(Unit: Millions of yen)

		Reportable segment							
	Consumer Online Games	Mobile Contents	Arcade Operations	Amusement Equipments	Total	Other (Note 1)	Total	Adjustment (Note 2)	Consolidated total (Note 3)
Sales									
(1) Customers	53,501	6,308	11,729	7,663	79,202	2,862	82,065	_	82,065
(2) Inter-segment	_	-		_		-	_	-	-
Total	53,501	6,308	11,729	7,663	79,202	2,862	82,065		82,065
Operating income (loss)	10,502	2,385	1,787	890	15,566	877	16,444	(4,125)	12,318
Identifiable assets	48,559	2,983	8,006	8,294	67,844	2,931	70,776	27,471	98,247
Other items									
Depreciation and amortization	696	50	1,380	114	2,242	276	2,518	605	3,123
Increase in tangible and intangible fixed assets	1,830	501	936	232	3,500	509	4,009	143	4,153

(Note) 1. "Other" incorporates operations not included in business segments reported, including character contents business etc.

- 2. Adjustments are as follows.
  - (1) Adjustments of operating income (loss) of -4,125 million yen include unallocated corporate operating expenses of -4,125 million yen. The corporate operating expenses, which do not belong to any reportable segments mainly consist of administrative expenses.
  - $(2) \quad \text{Adjustments of identifiable assets of 27,471 million yen include unallocated corporate identifiable assets of 27,471 million yen.}$
  - (3) Adjustments of increase in tangible and intangible fixed assets of 143 million yen are capital investment by headquarters.
- 3. Operating income (loss) for segment is adjusted on operating income on the consolidated statements of income.

### (Related information)

Previous fiscal year (from April 1, 2010 to March 31, 2011)

## 1. Information by product and service line

Capcom's reportable segments are based on the products and services its operational headquarters deal in, and the details are as shown on "Sales (1) Customers" of "3. Information on net sales and operating income (loss), identifiable assets, and other items by reportable segment".

### 2. Information by country or region

#### (1) Sales

(Unit: Millions of yen)

Japan	North America	Europe	Other regions	Total
65,017	20,986		2,606	97,716

(Note) 1. The sales amounts are classified by country or region where customers are located.

2. Countries or regions that are not in Japan

(1) North America...... United States of America
 (2) Europe...... European countries
 (3) Other regions..... Asia and others

## (2) Tangible fixed assets

The information is omitted as the balance of tangible fixed assets for Japan has exceeded 90% or more of the total balance of tangible fixed assets for the consolidated balance sheet.

## 3. Information by major customer

The information is omitted as Capcom does not have any major customers the sales amount of which has accounted for 10% or more of the total sales amount of the consolidated statement of income.

Current fiscal year (from April 1, 2011 to March 31, 2012)

1. Information by product and service line

Capcom's reportable segments are based on the products and services its operational headquarters deal in, and the details are as shown on "Sales (1) Customers" of "3. Information on net sales and operating income (loss), identifiable assets, and other items by reportable segment".

# 2. Information by country or region

# (1) Sales

(Unit: Millions of yen)

(Cinci Minions of Jen)							
Japan North America		Europe	Other regions	Total			
56,311	17,334	5.623	2,796	82.065			

(Note) 1. The sales amounts are classified by country or region where customers are located.

2. Countries or regions that are not in Japan

North America...... United States of America
 European countries
 Other regions..... Asia and others

## (2) Tangible fixed assets

The information is omitted as the balance of tangible fixed assets for Japan has exceeded 90% or more of the total balance of tangible fixed assets for the consolidated balance sheet.

### 3. Information by major customer

The information is omitted as Capcom does not have any major customers the sales amount of which has accounted for 10% or more of the total sales amount of the consolidated statement of income.

# [Impairment loss by reportable segment]

Previous fiscal year (from April 1, 2010 to March 31, 2011)

(Unit: Millions of yen)

	Reportable segment		Othor	Corporate or	Total
	Arcade Operations	Sub-total	Other	elimination	Total
Impairment loss	149	149	-	_	149

Current fiscal year (from April 1, 2011 to March 31, 2012)

(Unit: Millions of yen)

	Reportable segment		Other	Corporate or	Total
	Arcade Operations	Sub-total	Other	elimination	1 Otal
Impairment loss	80	80	_	-	80

[Amortization and balance of goodwill by reportable segment] Previous fiscal year (from April 1, 2010 to March 31, 2011)

(Unit: Millions of yen)

	Reportable segment			G .	
	Consumer Online Games	Sub-total	Other	Corporate or elimination	Total
Amortization	239	239	_	_	239
Balance	412	412	_	_	412

Current fiscal year (from April 1, 2011 to March 31, 2012)

(Unit: Millions of yen)

	Reportable segment			G .		
	Consumer Online Games	Sub-total	Other	Corporate or elimination	Total	
Amortization	112	112	_	_	112	
Balance	291	291	_	_	291	

[Negative goodwill by reportable segment]
Previous fiscal year (from April 1, 2010 to March 31, 2011)
Not applicable

Current fiscal year (from April 1, 2011 to March 31, 2012) Not applicable