Social Issues

Generational and interregional communication gaps

New industries created from new technologies

Overconcentration in large cities **Declining regional** populations

Senior citizens social isolation

Improvement of Japan's appeal as a travel destination

Shortage of human resources involved with intellectual property

Amount Financial Strategy According invested in development **Number of** developers Intellectual Major Intellectual Prope (IP) / P09 Properties (IP) Million-seller series **INPUT Business Activities**

> **Develop-**Quality Sales and **Planning** ment **Assurance Promotion**

Foundation for Sustainable Growth

Education and Utilization of Developers

Relationship with Society

Employees, Regional Communities, Customers, Business Partners, Shareholders

Corporate Governance

→P59

⇒P53

Home Video Games

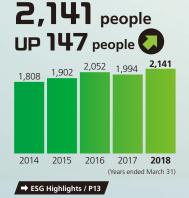
Create Popular Content



KPI Changes in Fiscal Year Ended March 2018

Game Market (Billions of dollars)

billions dollars UP 12.4% 137.4 122.2 100.7 85.8 68.8 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 (Years) **Human Capital** Content Developers (People)



Governance **Meetings with Shareholders** and Investors (meetings)



Note: Number of media stories on investor relations meetings + number of visits with foreign and domestic investors

➡ Market Analysis / P75

Single Content **Multiple Usage**

Net sales for the year ended March 31, 2018

billion yen



Publishing



Arcade Game Machines

Token games, Pachinko and pachislo



Hollywood movies, animated movies, CG movies

OUTPUT (Non-financial results)

> 2 titles achieved million-seller status

> > **Built new** sound studios

40 educational

support activities

Contributed to

local revitalization

Provided space for senior citizens to interact

Social Contributions

Stimulated communication

between generations

Innovation through

gaming technology

Boosted inbound tourism

by raising consciousness around gaming culture

Trained human resources in the IP industry



Develop games for multiple platforms

Net sales for the year ended March 31, 2018

Mobile Contents

billion yen

Multimedia development of content

Net sales for the year ended March 31, 2018

billion

210 senior tour participants

Hired 145

new graduates



Arcade Operations

Facilities at shopping centers, big-box store locations



Character Merchandising

Figures, T-shirts, food, etc.

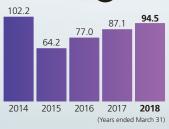
Established onsite daycare center

Esports

theatrical productions

Net Sales (Billions of yen)

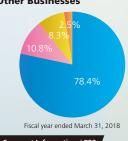
94.5 billion yen UP 8.4%



Financial Highlights / P11

Business Segment Sales Ratio (%)



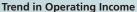


⇒ Segment Information / P83

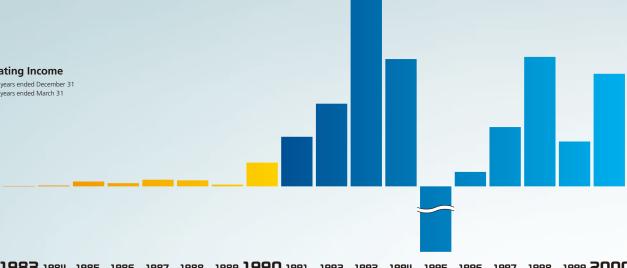
Social Capital Cumulative number of regional vitalization projects (projects)



From Capcom of Japan to **Capcom of the World**



Note: 1983–1988: Fiscal years ended December 31 1989–2017: Fiscal years ended March 31



1983 1984 1985 1986 1987 1988 1989 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000

Genesis

1983, Capcom Co., Ltd. was established in Osaka. The Nintendo Entertainment System (NES) came out that same year, but it was difficult to develop high-quality arcade-level content for, so Capcom focused business development on the creation and sales of arcade games using the proprietary high-spec circuit board "CP System."

- 1979 Established the I.R.M. Corporation in Matsubara, Osaka (capital of 10 million ven) with objectives of developing and selling arcade game machines.
- 1983 Established the previous CAPCOM CO., LTD. (capital of 10 million yen) in Hirano, Osaka, with the objective of selling software.
- 1983 Established the Tokyo Branch in Shinjuku, Tokyo.
- 1985 Established CAPCOM U.S.A., INC. in California to distribute Capcom's products in the U.S.A.
- 1989 Merged the previous CAPCOM CO., LTD. Changed corporate name to CAPCOM CO., LTD. and moved the head office to Higashi-ku, Osaka.
- 1989 Established a resident office in the U.K

Big Hits Drive Business Expansion

In the 1990s, the arrival of Super NES prompted Capcom to formally enter home video game development. Numerous hit titles were created that drew on Capcom's arcade game development expertise. The Single Content Multiple Usage strategy was launched in earnest in 1994 with the release of a Hollywood movie and animated movie based on Street Fighter.

- 1990 Stocks registered as OTC securities with the Japan Securities Dealers Association.
- 1993 Established CAPCOM ASIA CO., LTD. in Hong Kong to distribute Capcom's products in Southeast Asia.
- 1993 Stock listed on the second section of the Osaka Securities Exchange.
- 1993 Held Street Fighter II Turbo Championship 93 in Kokugikan, a forerunner of today's use of fighting games in esports.
- 1994 Constructed head office, which was relocated to Uchihirano-machi, Chuo-ku, Osaka
- 1995 Completed construction of the R&D Building.
- 1999 Stock changed listing to the First Section of the Osaka Securities Exchange.
- 1999 Adopted executive officer system.

Title History

Released our first originally developed coin-op Little League.

Released our first arcade video game Vulgus.

1985

Released our first home video game 1942 for the Nintendo Entertainment System (NES).

1987

Released Mega Man for the NES







1992

Released Street Fighter II for the Super NES.

1993

Released Breath of Fire for the Super NES.

1996

Released Resident Evil for PlayStation, a long-time seller which had record breaking sales, and established the genre of survival horror.







2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018

Going Global

In 2000, Capcom listed its shares on the First Section of the Tokyo Stock Exchange. In the 2000s, Capcom created one hit title after another that $\ensuremath{\mathsf{E}}$ gained popularity overseas. The Hollywood movie version of *Resident* Evil earned 102 million U.S. dollars globally, part of a six title hit series that continues to spread the Capcom brand throughout the world.

2000 Stock was listed on the First Section of the Tokyo Stock Exchange

2001 Appointed two external directors for the first time.

2002 Established CE EUROPE LTD. in the U.K.

2002 Increased the number of external directors by one, bringing the total to three.

2002 Established the Compensation Committee.

2003 Established CEG INTERACTIVE ENTERTAINMENT GmbH in Germany.

2003 Established the Compliance Committee.

2005 Launched educational support activities for elementary and junior high school students as part of our corporate social responsibility (CSR) as a game manufacturer.

2007 Established CAPCOM ENTERTAINMENT KOREA CO., LTD. in South Korea.

2008 Made ENTERRISE CO., LTD. a subsidiary.

2008 Made K2 CO., LTD. a wholly-owned subsidiary.

2008 Established Capcom Entertainment France SAS in France.

Media Diversification

The smartphone and tablet game app market is growing rapidly. Capcom has released titles featuring our intellectual properties in this market. We are also staying ahead of technological advances by developing games for dedicated consoles that make use of virtual reality.

2010 Established CAPCOM GAME STUDIO VANCOUVER, INC. in Canada.

2011 Established the Audit Committee.

2012 Established CAPCOM TAIWAN CO., LTD. in Taiwan.

2015 Signed a Comprehensive Partnership Agreement with the city of Kofu to promote vitalization of the local economy by using Capcom characters.

2016 Completed construction of the R&D Building #2 in Osaka City.

2016 Transitioned into a company with an audit and supervisory committee, with a 50% ratio of external directors.

2016 Established the Nominating Committee.

2018 Established the eSports Group. Began full-scale expansion into the growing esports market.

2001

Released Onimusha for PlayStation 2. The first game for PlayStation 2 to become a million-seller in Japan.

Released Devil May Cry for PlayStation 2.

2005

Released Sengoku BASARA for PlayStation 2.

2006

Released Dead Rising for Xbox 360. Became a million-seller, unprecedented for a new title created for a new game console









2012

Released the home video game *Dragon's Dogma*. It sold over one million units, uncommon in recent years for a new brand.

2017

Released Resident Evil 7 biohazard. Full support for VR became a hot topic.

2018

Monster Hunter: World was released worldwide It sold a record 7.5 million units within about one month of its release





Steady Output of Million-Seller Titles Born from a Foundation of Popular Brands







Cumulative

million-seller titles Number of developers

86 titles 2,141 people

Number of units sold

million

Business Development Leveraging Popular Brands

Our biggest strength is our advanced development capabilities that allow us to global popularity, and we regularly develop and release games that take advantage of these brands. We also roll them out into other media, making them long-term sources of revenue.

Financial Highlights

Operating Income / Operating Margins

Operating Income (Millions of yen)

16,037 million yen UP 17.5%



Operating Margins (%)

17.0%

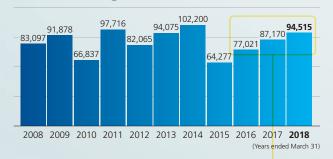
UP 1.3 points



In line with structural reforms conducted in the fiscal year ended March 2004, operating income increased steadily until the fiscal year ended March 2009. In the fiscal year ended March 2010, the postponed release of major titles and the failure of some titles to meet sales targets overseas resulted in a temporary decline in income. In the fiscal year ended March 2011, we promoted profit structure reforms aimed at more efficient development investment. We promoted business restructuring by transitioning to in-house production and strengthened our digital download strategy in response to rapid changes in the market beginning in the fiscal year ended March 2013. As a result, operating income and operating margins underperformed until the fiscal year ended March 2014. while these reforms were implemented. However, since the fiscal year ended March 2014, operating income has increased for five consecutive fiscal years thanks to growth of the Consumer and Amusement Equipments businesses. Notably, in the fiscal year ended March 2018, the hit performance of Monster Hunter: World resulted in record income, and the operating margin also improved.

Net Sales (Millions of ven)

94,515 million yen UP 8.4%



In the fiscal years ended March 2010 and March 2012, net sales declined due to the postponed release of titles. However, the promotion of structural reforms in the Consumer business resulted in Capcom achieving net sales of 100 billion yen in the fiscal year ended March 2014 for the first time. Although net sales decreased significantly in the fiscal year ended March 2015 due to a delay in pachislo machine releases, the steady release of major titles from the Consumer business since the fiscal year ended March 2016 has resulted in an increase in net sales for three consecutive fiscal

Net Income Attributable to Owners of the Parent

10,937 million yen UP 23.2% **(1)**

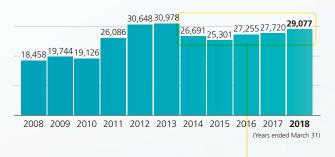


Performance was sluggish in the fiscal years ended in March 2010, 2013 and 2014, as (1) a complete overhaul to the Amusement Equipments' underperforming profit structure, (2) development structure revisions in line with enhanced digital downloads in the Consumer business and (3) strengthened Mobile Contents business management capabilities in line with development organization integration resulted in the recognition of special losses on restructuring and business restructuring expenses. From the fiscal year ended March 2015, income increased five years in a row due to the benefits from development organization reforms beginning to manifest

→ Please refer to "11-Year Summary of Consolidated Financial Indicators" on pages 77–78

R&D Investment Costs (Millions of yen)

29,077 million yen UP 4.9%

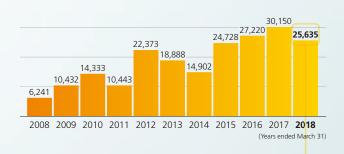


Medium- to Long-Term Growth Strategy

At Capcom, we believe the generation of creative and original content is the source of corporate growth, thus 90% or more of our annual development investments are allocated to the Digital Contents business. Recently in the Consumer segment, development costs have been trending higher in line with increasingly high-performance hardware, but we have been able to streamline development through increased employee utilization rates. Due to expanding our lineup, costs have been on the rise since the fiscal year ended March 2008; however, we expect them to remain around 30 billion yen going forward.

Balance of Works in Progress for Game Software (Millions of ven)

25,635 million yen DOWN 15.0% (1)

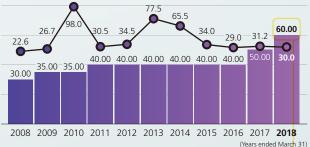


The balance of work in progress for game software has been on the rise in line with increasingly high-performance hardware. In the fiscal years ended March 2011 and 2014, it decreased with the release of major titles. Since the fiscal year ended March 2015, it has been increasing again with expansion of the lineup and release of new-generation hardware, but in the fiscal year ended March 2018 it decreased owing to the release of Monster Hunter: World and the reevaluation of some unprofitable titles.

Dividend per Share / Dividend Payout Ratio



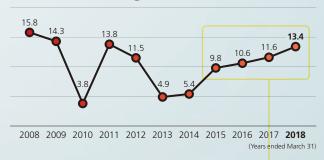




Up to the fiscal year ended March 2016, Capcom had a basic policy of maintaining stable dividends, and in the fiscal years ended March 2009 and 2011, the annual dividend was raised 5 yen in conjunction with improved business results. Since the fiscal year ended March 2017, the basic policy has been to maintain a consolidated payout ratio of 30% and to strive for stable dividends. As a result, the annual dividend per share in the fiscal year ended March 2018 was 60 yen, the highest ever in the 28 years of continuous dividends since our listing.

Return on Equity (ROE) (%)

13.4% UP 1.8 points



Although net assets increased between the fiscal years ended March 2007 and March 2009, stable net income resulted in ROE of around 14%. In the fiscal years ended in March 2010, 2013 and 2014, this figure declined due to decreases in net income from the recognition of special losses on restructuring and business restructuring expenses. From the fiscal year ended March 2015, ROE has once again been on the rise on the elimination of special losses and improved profitability.

ESG Highlights

At Capcom, we believe that sustainable growth is achieved by delivering social and economic value, while at the same time building healthy relationships with stakeholders from the unique perspective of a game publisher. This entails tackling social issues through our business activities, such as training human resources capable of succeeding on the global stage, and the creation of new markets through cutting-edge technology. To address the above, we have selected four material issues for ESG.

We believe that the principle of Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), namely that "all cultures and civilizations can contribute to sustainable development," and our own corporate philosophy, which is that we are "creators of entertainment culture that stimulates your senses," are closely related.

As such, we will contribute to the development of a sustainable society by promoting our growth strategy and clearly addressing these material issues.

ESG Initiatives and Future Challenges

Initiatives **Contribution to Business Future Challenges** • Increasing energy conservation at existing buildings through renovation • Reduced CO₂ emissions by switching to LED • Reduced costs (used less electricity, cut liahtina distribution costs) • Further conserving energy in amusement Constructed new environmentally-friendly buildings facility operations Reduced exhaust gas and resources used via distribution network sharing with other Environmental companies in the industry • Reduced paper resources used through the digitization of instruction manuals Relationship with Employees Actively employed non-Japanese citizens • Expanded global reach through game Increasing the percentage of women in development based on a diverse set of values • Increased number of women in management management positions Acquired competent creators Training of human resources globally positions Held Health and Safety Committee meetings • Improved creator productivity Implemented staff training • Fostered a commitment to legal compliance • Implemented discretionary work system Relationship with Customers • Compliance with the CERO ratings system • Improved customer satisfaction by creating • Education of manufacturers, users, consumer • Formulated guidelines with industry groups stress-free environments for play groups, government entities, etc. • Reduced social risks posed by games Relationship with the Regional Community Welcoming children participating in Company Visits to our offices / holding Guest Lectures at • Expanded profit opportunities by improving \bullet Further promotion of regional revitalization company and IP name recognition using Capcom content Regional revitalization making use of Capcom content Supported senior citizen community formation with video game arcade tours • Evaluated proper corporate value on both financial and non-financial bases • Increasing the number of opportunities for persons in charge of development to converse • Increased dialogue with shareholders • Transitioned to a company with an audit and with the market supervisory committee Avoided managerial decision-making risk • The effective operation of the audit and • Raised the ratio of external directors through better management monitoring Ensured the appropriateness of growth strategies by having the Board of Directors consider a range of views supervisory committee system • Established a nominating committee • Board of Directors effectiveness assessments (voluntary) and their utilization • Perpetuated the founder's business know-how • Setting developer compensation in consideration of medium- to long-term sustainable growth

Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

Set by the United Nation's more than 150 member states at the UN Sustainable Development Summit 2015, held in September of the same year, the SDGs lay out 17 goals for the world to focus on with the aim of eliminating poverty and achieving global sustainability.

→For more information, please refer to the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals webpage below: https://www.un.org/sustainabledevelopment/ sustainable-development-goals/

























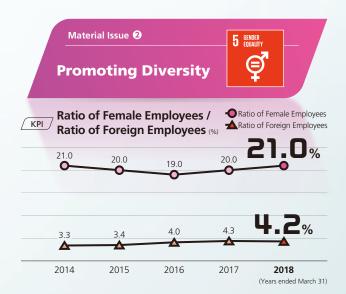




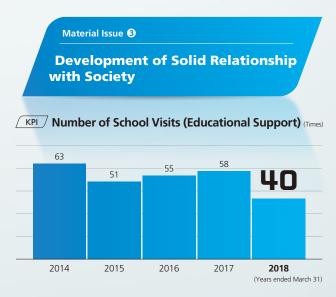




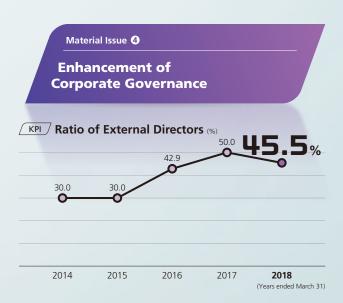
We are working to secure and train outstanding developers based on our desire to make the most entertaining games in the world, which has resulted in a nearly three-fold increase in developers over the past 10 years. We are working to improve the technical skills and motivation of our employees by such means as developing a system to train up new graduates to be fully capable team members within three years, promoting younger and mid-career employees to work on major titles, and putting together an environment that empowers developers to create the games they want to create.



Securing a pool of human resources with diverse thinking is an important element for developing world-class games. For that reason, we are promoting diversity, working on building a workplace where women can excel, and actively hiring foreign nationals. We are tying this into the creation of all-new intellectual properties and successful, unconventional collaborations.



Based on the desire to promote understanding in society of video games, Capcom holds Company Visits, where we welcome children to our offices, and Guest Lectures at schools, both tailored to elementary and junior high school students. In addition to providing information on what it's like to work at a game company, and delivering career education on the variety, joy, difficulty, and importance of these jobs, we offer advice on game literacy, or how to maintain a healthy relationship with games.



Generally, an owner-run company excels at being flexible and fast decision-making, though concerns may exist over the issue of succession. At Capcom, we strive to make management more transparent and visible, and have implemented various governance reforms to this end, such as the Nomination and Remuneration Committee. We proactively appoint external directors, with 45.5% of our directors now being external directors.

Business Activity Achievements

Business Overview

Operating Results for This Fiscal Year



Digital Contents

This business develops and sells packaged games and digital download content for the Consumer sub-segment. It also develops and manages Mobile Contents and PC Online Games. Consumer games produces creative, original content with a focus on action and adventure. Many of these million-seller titles are used for smartphone, tablet device and PC online games distributed worldwide in order to maximize earnings.

Consumer (Package + Digital Download Contents)

- We released Monster Hunter: World, which became our biggest hit ever
- Rereleases for the Nintendo Switch performed
- Sales of Marvel vs. Capcom: Infinite, which targeted the North American and European markets, were weak

Mobile Contents

• We released Snoopy Life



Arcade Operations

We operate amusement facilities, primarily Plaza Capcom arcades, in Japan. These arcades are predominantly in large commercial complexes We have diligently followed a scrap-and-build policy to maximize our efficiency in arcade operations, and have been hosting various events designed to attract families and female customers.

- We focused efforts on cultivating new customer segments, including free game experience tours for middle-aged and elderly persons and the
- Two arcades were opened, and two were closed
- Same store sales were up 2% year over year



Amusement Equipments

Here, we are engaged in two sub-segments that utilize the contents from our home video games. The Pachinko & Pachislo (PS) sub-segment is and sales of frames and LCD devices for gaming machines as well as software. The Arcade Games Sales sub-segment develops, produces and sells arcade games for amusement facilities, creating synergy between businesses.

- In the PS sub-segment, we sold 18,000 *Resident*
- We delayed the release of two models in light



Other Businesses

Based on our Single Content Multiple Usage strategy of leveraging game IP across different media, we pursue a variety of copyright-related business opportunities. In addition to adapting game content into movies, animated television programs, music CDs, character merchandise and other products as part of our licensing business, we are also devoting resources to our esports business.

- We maximized unit sales of *Monster Hunter:*
- We are actively rolling out esports events, including the Capcom Pro Tour and Capcom

Medium- to Long-Term Growth Strategy

Main Products for This Fiscal Year (Output)

PC Online

• The performance of PC Online titles Monster Hunter Frontier Z and Dragon's Dogma Online declined

Net Sales / Operating Margins



Monster Hunter: World

Efforts to globalize the Monster Hunter brand, including the first global simultaneous release for the series and aggressive overseas promotions, paid off with it becoming the biggest hit in Capcom history, selling 7.9 million units worldwide.

Resident Evil 7 biohazard

Gold Edition, which combined the full game and paid download content into a single package.

Despite it being a catalog title released





Net Sales / Operating Margins

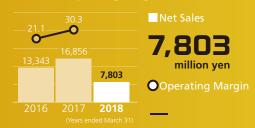


Game Land Tsudanuma

We opened this new location in August 2018. In addition to the latest game



Net Sales / Operating Margins



Resident Evil: Revelations **Pachislo Machine**



Net Sales / Operating Margins



Capcom Cup 2017

The world championship and conclusion of the Capcom Pro Tour 2017, this annual esports tournament is organized by Capcom and was held in Anaheim, California in December 2017. It was very favorably received, with 2,500 spectators in attendance and more than 2.57 million





Our Vision to Increase Operating Income Annually by Balancing Stability and Growth

We will realize annual increases in operating income via a portfolio comprised of growth in the Consumer business, stability in the Amusement-related business and a mix of future options to drive further growth. For the next several years, we will focus on establishing both a foundation for stable growth and a system for additional growth while also expanding our user base by strengthening overseas expansion of the Consumer business.

Medium- to long-term growth

Profit

Mobile + Esports

Options for further growth

[Mobile/Esports]

Period of leveraging all options, including internal production and alliances Period of aggressive business expansion

New Titles (Consumer)

Growth driver

[Consumer]

Period of enhancing lineup and achieving growth through overseas expansion

Catalog Titles (Consumer)

Base profits from recurring revenue model

Amusement-Related

Stable earnings

[Amusement Equipments / Arcade Operations]

Period of maintaining profits amidst deterioration of business environment

Medium-term





ESG-Based Value Creation

Growth Strategy

Medium- to Long-Term Growth Strategy

[Mobile]

- Promote alliances in Japan and other countries
- Explore new developments

[Esports]

 Having established a dedicated esports division, expand aggressively by holding events in Japan

[New Titles (Consumer Business)]

- Regularly release titles for major IP
- Promote utilization of dormant IP and remakes

[Overall (Consumer Business)]

 Strengthen digital downloads for both new and catalog titles

[Catalog Titles (Consumer Business)]

- Expand Monster Hunter series globally
- Extend sales life of catalog titles with rereleases for current-generation hardware



[PS Business]

Build development structure to handle new regulations



Long-term